英语写作智能图书馆使用说明

英语写作智能图书馆(www.sentbase.com)是北京智能语言研究院与句酷 批改网联合研制的地道英语智能化信息资源教、学、研综合服务平台,是目前国 内最大的地道英语表达资源之一。目前收录 611 万专业词汇、30 亿参考例句、 包含了 23 个学科语料库,基于庞大的英语语料资源提供英语作文自动批改、学 术英语辅助写作两个智能系统以及词性列表、搭配列表、语体分布、词形分布等 20 多个地道英语自助学习辅助工具。

Sentbase Q 🔐 语体分布 🗿 词形分布 🛖 单词统计 同性分布 单词 单词的详细统计信息 查看词的不同语体分布 单词词性的频度分布 单词形态的频度分布 冠词分布 💽 主题词拓展 ₩ 句法分布(名词) 名词前的冠词分布规律 名词的常见句法分布 Q <u>搭配列表</u> ☑ 搭配对比 깮 副词搭配 ▼• 搭配分布 搭配 查询搭配在语料库中的分布 查找一个词对应的搭配 对比搭配的不同语料库频次 副词搭配的频次对比 **间组查找 组合模式 ※** 以词找词 ◎ 词序辨析 词组 通过模式检索词组 检索一个词的常见词组 比较不同顺序的词组频次 通过熟词找到生词 ❷ 名言警句 **侧句搜索** ■ 双语例句 ■ 句子微点评 例句 自动分析句子的语言点 检索给定词的例句 检索中英对照双语例句 检索相关名言警句 常见错误库 🧑 数师点评库 文库 常见英语错误的分布统计 中国学生的优秀范文参考 英语教师的点评参考 自动批改作文即时反馈 **○** <u>学术写作辅助</u> / 用词推敲 🥦 超用少用 🌑 <u>动词pk</u> 对比 词条的超用和少用统计 比较两个动词的详细用法 同义词在数据上的细微差别 检验学术论文的遗词用句

英语写作智能图书馆

这些系统和工具老师和同学们可根据实际的教学、科研、学习情况进行使用, 就具体如何使用以下列出了部分使用说明:

一、轻松写作文,下笔如有神。

1、找范文,获取灵感:

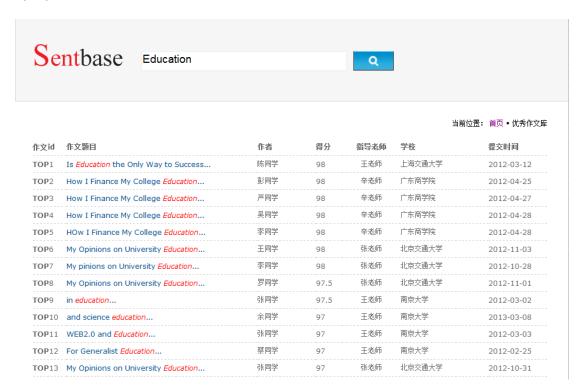
(1)使用"文库-优秀作文库"检索相关主题范文



(2)在文本框中输入主题关键词或作文题目,进行检索。

Sentbase	Education	Q

(3)系统将按作文库中学生作文的分数高低提供检索结果。



注:所有优秀作文库中作文的分数只是一个参考,原因有二:

- a.针对作文的打分公式有可能是不一样的。
- b.作文的分数老师做出了修改,老师有可能会根据不同的教学目的给作文打

(4)点击任何一篇文章标题,查看完整文章。



当前位置: 首页 • 优秀作文库

作 文 号: 215142 作文题目: How I Finance My College Education

学生姓名: 彭海圆 得 分: 98

As is known to all, the past decade has witness the changes of the tuition in college. How to finance our college education has become a significant problem. Here, I will show you several ways to finance the college education.

Foremost, it's extremely common that the majority count on our parents, who will pay for our tuition and fees and other expense. And then, the scholarship can help a lot. The person, who studies hard in compulsory or optional subjects and get highest scores in the examination, will be easier to win the scholarship. Finally, others, in a poor family, can apply for the education loans to further their studies.

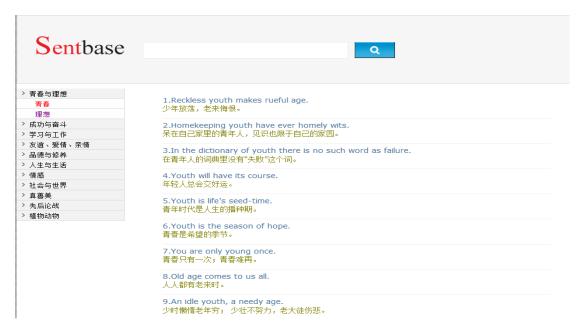
From my standpoint, the second one is more appropriate for me. There are two critical factors accounting for it. One is that it can alleviate my parents' burden. Another is that I can put more focus on my studies. Besides, the scholarship can prove my competence, which will be beneficial to my future career.

2、查名言,丰富文章表达。

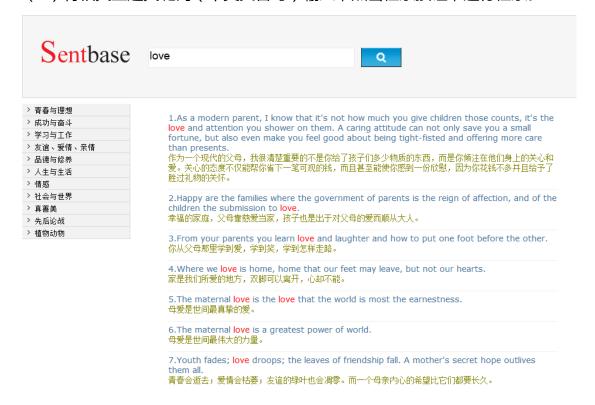
(1)使用"例句-名言警句"查找相关话题相关名言警句。



(2)使用页面左侧主题检索向导,选择相关主题。



(3)将相关主题关键词(中英文皆可)输入,点击检索按钮,进行检索。



3、搜例句,中英互译不着急。

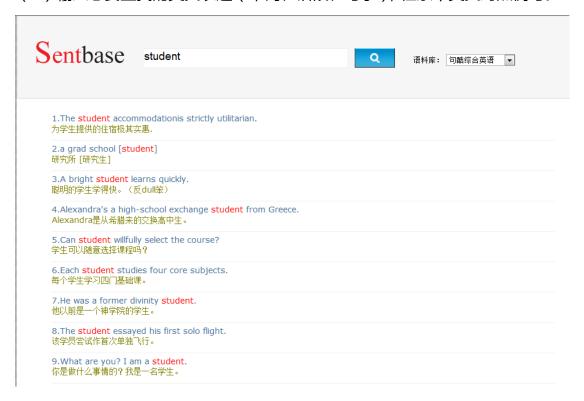
(1)使用"例句-双语例句"查找您想要的英文表达。



(2)输入您想要查找的中文意思,检索相关英文表达。



(3)输入您要查找的英文表达(单词、语段、句子),检索中英文对照例句。



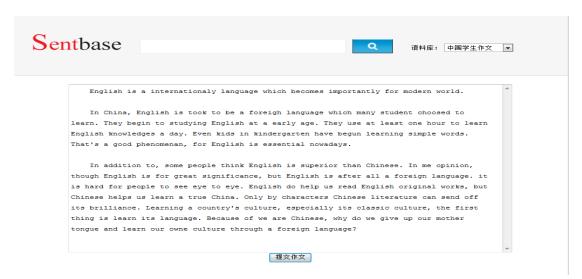
二、改作文不求人,迅速提升写作能力。

1、"自动批改"自测作文!

(1)使用"文库-自动批改"自测作文。



(2)将文章输入文本框,点击"提交作文",进行作文自测。



(3) 查看作文批改反馈结果。

潜空

English is a internationaly language which becomes importantly for modern world.

In China, English is took to be a foreigh language which many student choosed to learn. They begin to studying English at a early age. They use at least one hour to learn English knowledges a day. Even kids in kindergarten have begun learning simple words. That's a good phenomenan, for English is essential nowadays.

In addition to, some people think English is superior than Chinese. In me opinion, though English is for great significance, but English is after all a foreign language. It is hard for people to see eye to eye. English do help us read English original works, but Chinese helps us learn a true China. Only by characters Chinese literature can send off its brilliance. Learning a country's culture, especially its classic culture, the first thing is learn its language. Because of we are Chinese, why do we give up our mother tongue and learn our owne culture through a foreign language?

分数评语:

69.5



评语。 作命句法不错,但是文章整体句子精微信矩,上下文树 披精三不成锦,文章用了数为丰富的研汇,学术研汇路呈单端。 同时注章单项拼弄的检查。

按句点评

- 1.1 English is a internationaly language which becomes importantly for modern world.
- 🔾 [名词错误] 景词典美,难识将modern world 改为the modern world .
- ② [拼词错误] 拼写不板稿。 竟収率internationaly改为internationally.
- 🥯 [介词增读] 介词误用,竟以将for modern world数为in modern world.
- (項母標案) 項性機構、強収素becomes importantly就为becomes important.
- 脚(学习技術) 高級時代: word, vocabulary, **language**, term, lexicon 故有"文字。頃、등 음"文章。『
- 2.2 In China, English is took to be a foreigh language which many student choosed to learn.
- [拼写错误] 拼写不规范、造収物foreigh改为foreign。
- [冬旬禮張]单复數禮張,雜収排many student改为many students.
- [拼写错误] 拼写不规范、疏欢将choosed改为chose。
- [各兩權儀] 各項數不一數, 建収率many數为much或者等名何數为名词复数, 準指点
- [新規模式] 據收把 is took to 就成 is taken to/is taking to (Auxillary Verb Agreement)
- 2.3 They begin to studying English at a early age.
- 🥯 (動詞權限) 哥德權限,雖以將begin to+doing政为begin to+do.
- 🥯 [冬旬橙張] 景词張用。雜収排a early改为an early.
- ◆ [係級警示] begin to studying 在资料度申光公用簿。疑似申式英语
- Ⅲ[季ヌ扱系] 易傷切近: **begin**, start, commence, initiate, inaugurate 均含有"开始"之

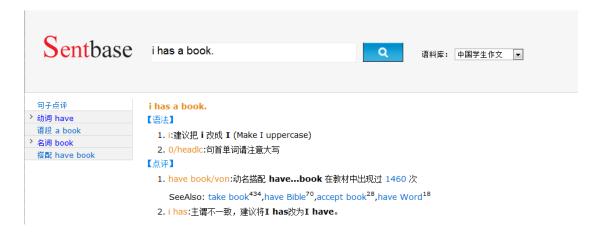
2. 3

2、"句子微点评",单句纠错"打破砂锅查到底"。

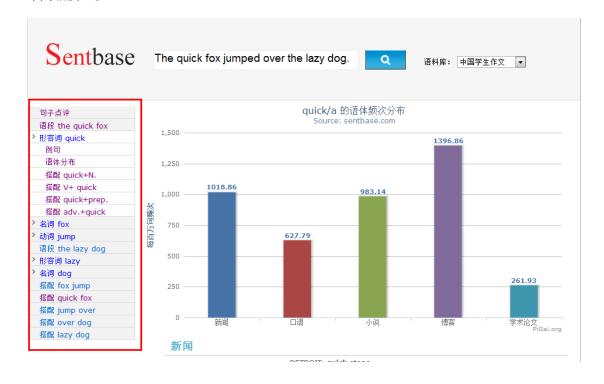
(1)使用"例句-句子微点评",进行单句检测、纠错。



(2)输入想要自查的句子,查看单句点评结果。



(3)使用左侧检索导航,对句中语段、单词、单词的相关搭配等进行更加深入细致的检索。



三、玩转选词游戏,制胜完型、改错。

1、动词 PK



(1)输入要进行对比的单词,并选择检索的语料库。

			_
Sentbase	increase	vs raise	Q 语料库: 美国英语新闻 ▼

(2) 查看各动词的宾语名词、主语名词等搭配频次。

increase		raise	
32.40%	_	67.6%	
每百万句频次: 1143.16		每百万句频次: 2384.71	
~ + to do: 0.16%		~ + to do: 1.22% ~ + v-ing: 0.25% ~ + that从句: 0.10% ~ + wh从句: 0.14%	
~ + v-ing: 1.43%			
~ + that从句: 0.13% ~ + wh从句: 0.38%			
宾语名词 TOP10	NORE >	宾语名词 TOP10	HORE >
number	5.37%	money	12.30%
risk	2.87%	question	9.54%
production	2.54%	rate	6.13%
sale	2.39%	price	5. 05%
cost	2.36%	concern	4. 17%
pressure	2.15%	issue	2.86%
value	2.12%	tax	2.84%
chance	1.95%	child	2.58%
revenue	1.76%	fund	1.91%
amount	1.76%	eyebrow	1.87%
主语名词 TOP10	NORE >	主语名词 TOP10	NORE .
sale *	6.73%	company *	6.39%
revenue	4. 28%	government	3.52%
price	2.90%	bank	1.54%
rate	2.48%	case	1.46%
company *	2. 40%	report	1.37%
number	1.87%	group	1.18%
profit	1.85%	sale *	1, 17%
earnings	1.75%	analyst	1.09%
cost	1.54%	event	1.05%

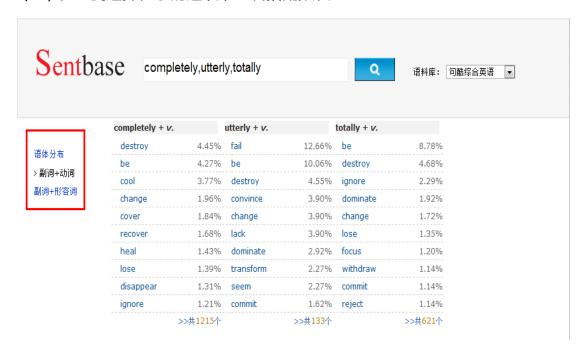
2、副词搭配



(1)输入要进行对比的副词(中间用","隔开)进行预提分布、搭配搜索。



(2) 在左侧选择检索的选项, 查看搭配频次。

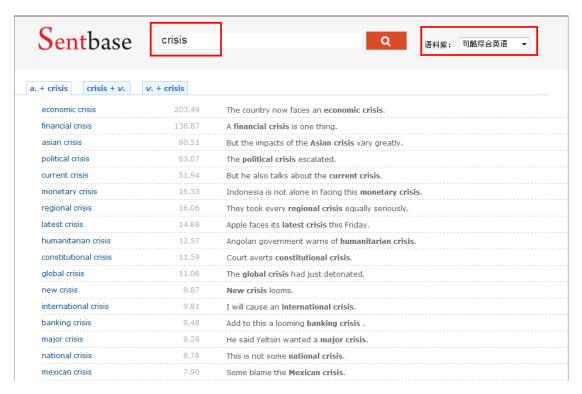


3、搭配分布

(1)使用"搭配-搭配列表",查找任何单词的。



(2)输入要检索的单词或搭配及要查找的语料库,检索各类搭配频次列表。



四、各类数据挖掘,支撑科研。

除了以上工具可以进行数据挖掘之外,专门提供了部分单词类数据挖掘工具,可以具体查找某个单词预提分布、磁性分布、词形分布、句法分布情况。

以"单词统计"工具为例:



输入您要检索的单词,可选择不同语料库,查看词性分布、语体分布、例句分布、形态分布情况。



